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### **1. SAFETY REGULATIONS AND INFORMATION**

Read these operating instructions carefully before starting work on the device. Observe the following warnings to prevent malfunctions or danger to persons.

These operating instructions are to be regarded as part of the device. The device is only to be sold or passed on together with the operating instructions.

These operating instructions may be duplicated and distributed to inform about potential dangers and their prevention.

### 1.1 Hazard levels for warnings

These operating instructions use the following hazard levels to indicate potentially hazardous situations and important safety regulations:



1

1

1

1

2

2

2

2 2

2

3

#### DANGER

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which will result in death or serious injury if the specified actions are not taken. Compliance with the instructions is imperative.

#### WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which can result in death or serious injury if the specified actions are not taken. Exercise extreme caution while working.

#### CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which can result in minor or moderate injury or damage to property if the specified actions are not taken.

#### NOTE

A potentially harmful situation can occur and, if not avoided, can lead to property damage.

#### 1.2 Staff qualifications

The device may only be transported, unpacked, installed, operated, maintained and otherwise used by suitably qualified, trained and authorized technical staff.

Only authorized specialists are permitted to install the device, to carry out a test run and to perform work on the electrical installation.

#### 1.3 Basic safety rules

The safety hazards associated with the device must be assessed again following installation in the final product.

Note the following when working on the device:

⇒ Do not perform any modifications, additions or conversions on the device without the approval of ebm-papst.

#### 1.4 Voltage

- ⇒ Check the device's electrical equipment at regular intervals; see Chapter 6.2 Safety inspection.
- Replace loose connections and defective cables immediately.



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#### DANGER Electrically charged device

Risk of electric shock

→ When working on an electrically charged device, stand on a rubber mat.

#### WARNING

Live terminals and connections even with device switched off Electric shock





→ Wait five minutes after disconnecting the voltage at all poles before opening the device.

#### CAUTION

In the event of a fault, the rotor and the impeller will be energized

The rotor and the impeller have basic insulation.

 $\rightarrow$  Do not touch the rotor and impeller once installed.

#### CAUTION

If control voltage or a stored speed set value is applied, the motor will restart automatically, e.g. after a power failure.

Risk of injury

- → Keep out of the device danger zone.
- → When working on the device, switch off the line voltage and ensure that it cannot be switched back on.
- → After working on the device, remove any tools or other objects from the device.

#### 1.5 Safety and protective features



### DANGER

Protective device missing and protective device not functioning

Without a protective device there is a risk of serious injury, for instance if the hands reach or are sucked into the device during operation.

- → Operate the device only with a fixed protective device and guard grille.# The fixed protective device must be able to withstand the kinetic energy of a fan blade that becomes detached at maximum speed. There must not be any gaps which it is possible to reach into with the fingers, for example.
- → The device is a built-in component. As the operator, you are responsible for ensuring that the device is secured adequately.
- → Stop the device immediately if you notice a missing or ineffective protective device.

#### 1.6 Electromagnetic radiation

Interference from electromagnetic radiation is possible, e.g. in conjunction with open- and closed-loop control devices.

If impermissible radiation levels occur following installation, appropriate shielding measures have to be taken by the user.

#### NOTE

Electrical or electromagnetic interference after installing the device in customer equipment.

 $\rightarrow$  Verify that the entire setup is EMC-compliant.

#### 1.7 Mechanical movement



#### DANGER Rotating device

Risk of injury to body parts coming into contact with the rotor or the impeller.

- $\rightarrow$  Secure the device against accidental contact.
- → Before working on the system/machine, wait until all parts have come to a standstill.



#### DANGER Ejected parts

Missing protective devices may cause balancing weights or broken fan blades to be ejected and cause injuries.

→ Take appropriate safety measures.

#### WARNING

#### Rotating device

Long hair and dangling items of clothing, jewelry and the like can become entangled and be pulled into the device. Injuries can result.

→ Do not wear any loose-fitting or dangling clothing or jewelry while working on rotating parts.#Protect long hair with a cap.

#### 1.8 Emissions

#### WARNING

Depending on the installation and operating conditions, the sound pressure level may exceed 70 dB(A). Risk of noise-induced hearing loss

- $\rightarrow$  Take appropriate technical safety measures.
- → Protect operating personnel with appropriate safety equipment such as hearing protection.
- $\rightarrow$  Also observe the requirements of local agencies.

#### 1.9 Hot surface



#### CAUTION High temperature on electronics housing

Risk of burns

 $\rightarrow$  Ensure sufficient protection against accidental contact.

#### 1.10 Storage

- ⇒ Store the device, partially or fully assembled, in a dry and weatherproof manner in the original packaging in a clean environment.
- Protect the device against environmental effects and dirt until final installation.
- ⇒ We recommend storing the device for no longer than one year in order to guarantee trouble-free operation and the longest possible service life.
- ⇒ Even devices explicitly intended for outdoor use are to be stored as described prior to commissioning.
- ⇒ Maintain the storage temperature, see Chapter 3.6 Transport and storage conditions.
- → Make sure that all cable glands are fitted with dummy plugs.





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### 2. INTENDED USE

The device is exclusively designed as a built-in device for conveying air according to its technical data.

Any other usage above and beyond this does not conform with the intended purpose and constitutes misuse of the device.

Customer equipment must be capable of withstanding the mechanical and thermal stresses that can arise from this product. This applies for the entire service life of the equipment in which this product is installed.

#### Intended use also includes

- Using the device only in stationary systems.
- Performing all maintenance work.
- conveying air at an ambient air pressure between 750 mbar and 1050 mbar.
- Using the device within the permitted ambient temperature range; see Chapter 3.6 Transport and storage conditions and Chapter 3.2 Nominal data.
- Operating the device with all protective devices.
- Following the operating instructions.

#### Improper use

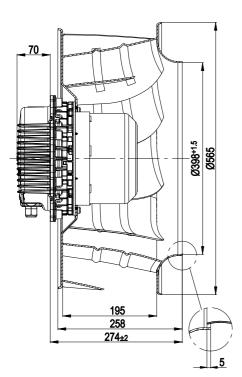
In particular, operating the device in the following ways is prohibited and could be hazardous:

- Operating the device in an unbalanced state, e.g. due to dirt deposits or ice formation.
- Operation in medical equipment with a life-sustaining or life-support function.
- Operation with external vibrations.
- Conveying solids in the flow medium.
- · Painting the device
- Connections (e.g. screws) coming loose during operation.
- Opening the terminal box during operation.
- Conveying air that contains abrasive particles.
- Conveying highly corrosive air, e.g. salt spray. Exception: devices designed for salt spray and correspondingly protected.
- Conveying air with high dust content, e.g. suctioning off sawdust.
- · Operating the device close to flammable materials or components.
- Operating the device in an explosive atmosphere.
- Using the device as a safety component or to perform safety-related functions.
- Operation with completely or partially disassembled or manipulated protective devices.
- In addition, all applications not listed among the intended uses.

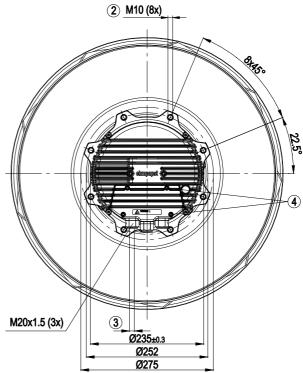


### **3. TECHNICAL DATA**

### 3.1 Product drawing







#### All dimensions in mm.

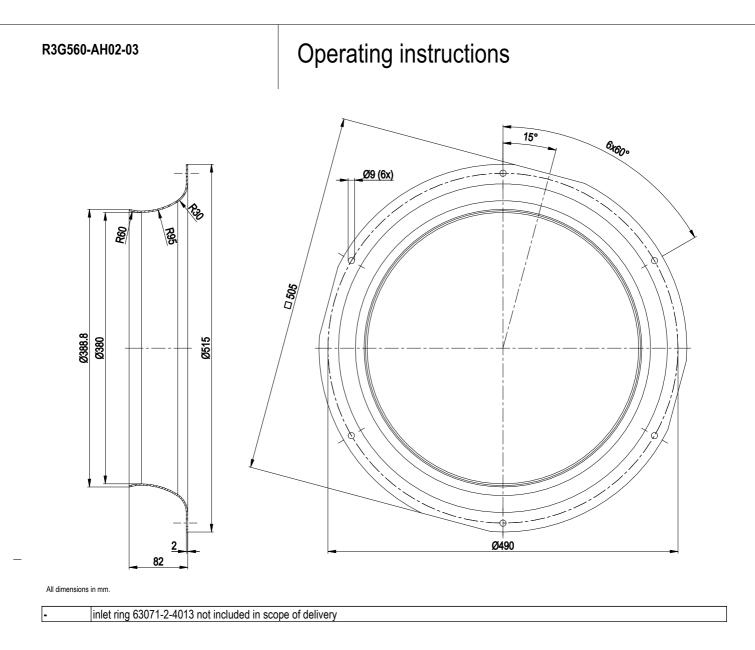
1	Accessory part: inlet ring 63071-2-4013 not included in scope of delivery		
2	Max. clearance for screw 25 mm		
3	Cable diameter min. 4 mm, max. 10 mm; tightening torque 4±0.6 Nm		
4	4 Tightening torque 3.5 ± 0.5 Nm		



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#### 3.2 Nominal data

Motor	M3G150-IF
Phase	3~
	-
Nominal voltage / VAC	400
Nominal voltage	380 480
range / VAC	
Frequency / Hz	50/60
Method of obtaining	ml
data	
Speed / min <sup>-1</sup>	1510
Power consumption / W	3100
Current draw / A	4.9
Max. ambient	60
temperature / °C	

ml = Max. load  $\cdot$  me = Max. efficiency  $\cdot$  fa = Free air

cs = Customer specification  $\cdot$  ce = Customer equipment

Subject to change

#### 3.3 Data according to ErP Directive

	Actual	Req. 2015	
01 Overall efficiency η <sub>es</sub> / %	59.7	56.6	
02 Measurement category	A		
03 Efficiency category	Static		
04 Efficiency grade N	65.1 62		
05 Variable speed drive	Yes		
06 Year of manufacture	The year of manufacture is specified on the product's rating label.		
07 Manufacturer	ebm-papst Mulfingen GmbH & Co. KG Amtsgericht (court of registration) Stuttgart · HRA 590344 D-74673 Mulfingen		
08 Туре	R3G560-AH02-03		
09 Power consumption Ped / kW	3.03		
09 Air flow q <sub>v</sub> / m³/h	8745		
09 Pressure increase total psf / Pa	709		
10 Speed n / min <sup>-1</sup>	1505		
11 Specific ratio*	1.01		
12 Recycling/disposal	Information on recycling and disposal is provided in the operating instructions.		
13 Maintenance	Information on installation, operation and maintenance is provided in the operating instructions.		
14 Additional components	Components used to calculate the energy efficiency that are not apparent from the measurement category are detailed in the CE declaration.		

\* Specific ratio = 1 + pfs / 100 000 Pa

Data obtained at optimum efficiency level. The ErP data is determined using a motor-impeller combination in a standardized measurement setup.

#### 3.4 Technical description

Weight	28 kg
Fan size	560 mm
Rotor surface	Painted black
Electronics housing	Die-cast aluminum
material	
Impeller material	Sheet aluminum
Number of blades	9
Direction of rotation	Clockwise, viewed toward rotor
Degree of protection	IP55

Insulation class	"F"	
Moisture (F) /	F4-1	
Environmental (H)		
protection class		
Installation position	Shaft horizontal or rotor on bottom; rotor	
•	on top on request	
Condensation	On rotor side	
drainage holes		
Mode	S1	
Motor bearing	Ball bearing	
Technical features	- Output 10 VDC max. 10 mA	
	- Output 20 VDC max. 50 mA	
	- Output for slave 0-10 V	
	- Input for sensor 0-10 V or 4-20 mA	
	- Alarm relay	
	- Integrated PID controller	
	- Motor current limitation	
	- PFC, passive	
	- RS-485 ebmBUS	
	- Soft start	
	- Control input 0-10 VDC / PWM	
	- Control interface with SELV potential	
	safely disconnected from supply	
	- Thermal overload protection for	
	electronics/motor	
Touch current	- Undervoltage / phase failure detection	
	>= 3.3 MA	
according to IEC		
60990 (measuring		
circuit Fig. 4, TN		
system)		
Electrical hookup	Via terminal box	
Motor protection	Reverse polarity and locked-rotor	
	protection	
Protection class	I (with customer connection of protective	
	earth)	
Conformity with	EN 61800-5-1; CE	
standards		
Approval	CSA C22.2 No. 77; EAC; UL 2111; VDE	



With regard to cyclic speed loads, note that the rotating parts of the device are designed for a maximum of one million load cycles. If you have special questions, consult ebm-papst for support.

#### 3.5 Mounting data

⇒ Secure the screws against unintentional loosening (e.g. use selflocking screws).

Strength class of	8.8
screws	

Any further mounting data required can be taken from the product drawing.



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#### 3.6 Transport and storage conditions

⇒ Use the device in accordance with its degree of protection.

Max. permitted ambient temp. for motor (transport/ storage)	+80 °C
Min. permitted ambient temp. for motor (transport/ storage)	-40 °C

#### 3.7 Electromagnetic compatibility

EMC immunity to	According to EN 61000-6-2 (industrial	
interference	environment)	
EMC interference	According to EN 61000-6-3 (household	
emission	environment)	



If several devices are switched in parallel on the supply side so that the line current of the arrangement is in the range of 16-75 A, then this arrangement conforms to IEC 61000-3-12 provided that the short-circuit power Ssc at the connection point of the customer system to the public power system is greater than or equal to 120 times the rated output of the arrangement. It is the responsibility of the installation engineer or operator/ owner of the device to ensure, if necessary after consultation with the network operator, that this device is only connected to a connection point with a Ssc value that is greater than or equal to 120 times the rated output of the arrangement.

## 4. CONNECTION AND STARTUP

# 4.1 Mechanical connection



Cutting and crushing hazard when removing fan from packaging

→ Carefully remove the device from its packaging, by the fan impeller. Strictly avoid shocks.

 $\rightarrow$  Wear safety shoes and cut-resistant safety gloves.

#### CAUTION

#### Heavy load when unpacking device

Risk of physical injury, such as back injuries.

- → Two people should work together to remove the device from its packaging.
- Check the device for transport damage. Damaged devices are not to be installed.
- > Install the undamaged device in accordance with your application.



#### CAUTION Possible damage to the device

- If the device slips during installation, serious damage can result.
- → Ensure that the device is securely positioned at its place of installation until all fastening screws have been tightened.

### 4.2 Electrical connection



## DANGER

Voltage on the device

- Electric shock
- $\rightarrow$  Always connect a protective earth first.
- $\rightarrow$  Check the protective earth.



## DANGER

Faulty insulation Risk of fatal injury from electric shock

- → Use only cables that meet the specified installation regulations for voltage, current, insulation material, capacity, etc.
- → Route cables so that they cannot be touched by any rotating parts.



#### DANGER

Electrical charge (>50  $\mu$ C) between phase conductor and protective earth connection after switching off supply with multiple devices connected in parallel.

Electric shock, risk of injury

→ Ensure sufficient protection against accidental contact. Before working on the electrical hookup, short the supply and PE connections.

### CAUTION

#### Voltage

- The fan is a built-in component and has no disconnecting switch.
- $\rightarrow$  Only connect the fan to circuits that can be switched off with an all-pole disconnection switch.
- → When working on the fan, secure the system/machine in which the fan is installed so as to prevent it from being switched back on.



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#### NOTE

#### Device malfunctions possible

Route the device's control lines separately from the supply line.

→ Maintain the greatest possible clearance. Recommendation: clearance > 10 cm (separate cable routing)

#### NOTE

#### Water ingress into wires or cables

Water ingress at the customer end of the cable can damage the device.

→ Make sure the end of the cable is connected in a dry environment.



Only connect the device to circuits that can be switched off with an all-pole disconnection switch.

#### 4.2.1 Requirements

- ⇒ Check whether the data on the nameplate match the connection data.
- Before connecting the device, make sure the power supply matches the device voltage.
- Only use cables designed for the current level indicated on the nameplate.

For determining the cross-section, note the sizing criteria according to EN 61800-5-1. The protective earth must have a cross-section equal to or greater than that of the phase conductor.

We recommend the use of 105 °C cables. Ensure that the minimum cable cross-section is at least

AWG 26 / 0.13 mm<sup>2</sup>.

#### Ground conductor contact resistance according to EN 61800-5-1

Compliance with the impedance specifications according to EN 61800-5-1 for the protective earth connection circuit must be verified in the end application.

Depending on the circumstances of installation, it may be necessary to connect an additional protective earth conductor to the extra protective earth terminal on the device.

The protective earth terminal is on the housing and has a ground conductor symbol and a bore hole.

#### 4.2.2 Supply connection and fuses

Assignment of supply cable cross-sections and their required fuses (line protection only, no equipment protection).

Nominal voltage	Fuse		Automatic circuit breaker	Cable cross- section	Cable cross- section
	VDE	UL	VDE	mm²	*AWG
3/PE AC 380-480 VAC	16 A	15 A	C16A	1.5	16
3/PE AC 380-480 VAC	20 A	20 A	C20A	2.5	14
3/PE AC 380-480 VAC	25 A	25 A	C25A	4.0	12
3/PE AC 380-480 VAC	32 A	30 A	C32A	6.0	10

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\* AWG = American Wire Gauge

#### 4.2.3 Reactive currents



Because of the EMC filter integrated for compliance with EMC limits (interference emission and immunity to interference), reactive currents can be measured in the supply line even when the motor is at a standstill and the line voltage is switched on.

- The values are typically less than 250 mA.
- At the same time, the effective power in this operating state (operational readiness) is typically < 5 W.

#### 4.2.4 Residual current circuit breaker (RCCB)



Only universal residual current devices (type B or B+) are allowed. As with variable frequency drives, residual current devices cannot provide personal safety while operating the device.

When the device's power supply is switched on, pulsed charging currents from the capacitors in the integrated EMC filter can lead to the residual current devices tripping without delay. We recommend the use of residual current circuit breakers with a trip threshold of 300 mA and delayed tripping (super-resistant, characteristic K).

#### 4.2.5 Leakage current



For asymmetrical power systems or if a phase fails, the leakage current can increase to a multiple of the nominal value.

#### 4.2.6 Locked-rotor protection



Due to the locked-rotor protection, the starting current (LRA) is equal to or less than the nominal current (FLA).

#### 4.3 Connection in terminal box

#### 4.3.1 Preparing cables for connection

Only strip the cable as far as necessary, ensuring that the cable gland is sealed and there is no strain on the connections. For tightening torques, see Chapter 3.1 Product drawing.



# NOTE Tightness and strain relief are dependent on the cable used.

 $\rightarrow$  This must be checked by the user.

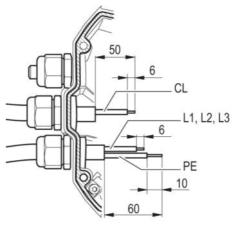


Fig. 1: Recommended stripped lengths in mm (inside terminal box) Legend: CL = control lines



#### 4.3.2 Connecting wires to terminals

#### WARNING

Live terminals and connections even with device switched off Electric shock

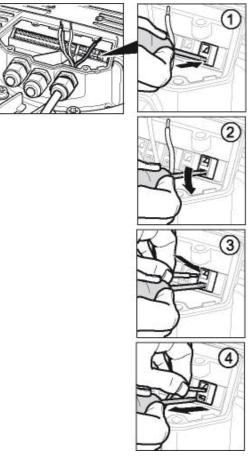
- $\rightarrow$  Wait five minutes after disconnecting the voltage at all poles before opening the device.
- $\Rightarrow$  Remove the cap from the cable gland.

Only remove caps where cables are fed in.

- ⇒ Equip the cable glands with the seals provided in the terminal box.
- ⇒ Route the wire(s) (not included in scope of delivery) into the terminal box.
- ⇒ First connect the "PE" (protective earth).
- ⇒ Connect the wires to the corresponding terminals.

#### Use a screwdriver to do so.

#### When connecting, ensure that no wire ends fan out.



# Fig. 2: Connecting wires to terminals

⇒ Seal the terminal box.

#### 4.3.3 Cable routing

Water must be prevented from reaching the cable gland along the cable. When routing the cable, make sure that the cable glands are located at the bottom. The cables must always be routed downward.

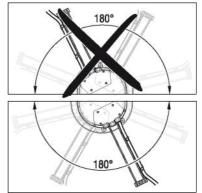


Fig. 3: Cable routing for fans installed upright.

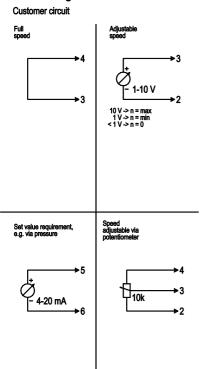
#### 4.4 Factory settings

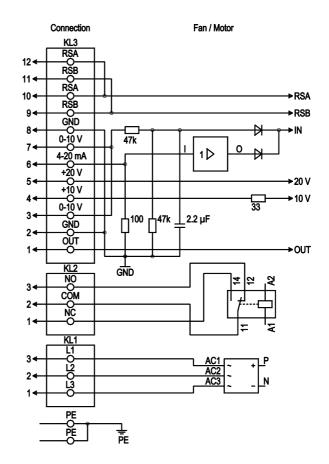
Factory settings made for the device by ebm-papst.

Mode	PWM control
Group address	1
Fan/device address	1
Max. PWM / %	100
Min. PWM / %	0
Save set value to EEPROM	Yes
Set value requirement	Analog
Direction of action	Positive (heating)



#### 4.5 Connection diagram





#### Drawing preliminary!

No.	Conn.	Designation	Function/assignment		
PE		PE	Protective earth terminal		
KL1	1, 2, 3	L1, L2, L3	Power supply 50/60 Hz		
KL2	1	NC	Floating status contact, break for failure		
KL2	2	СОМ	floating status contact, changeover contact, common connection (2 A, max. 250 VAC, min. 10 mA, AC1)		
KL2	3	NO	Floating status contact, make for failure		
KL3	1	OUT	Analog output, 0-10 VDC, max. 3 mA, SELV, output of current motor modulation level: 1 V corresponds to 10 % modulation level. 10 V corresponds to 100 % modulation level.		
KL3	2, 8	GND	Reference ground for control interface, SELV		
KL3	3, 7	0-10 V	Use control / current sensor value input 0-10 VDC, impedance 100 kΩ only as alternative to 4-20 mA input, SELV		
KL3	4	+10 V	Voltage output 10 VDC (±3 %), max. 10 mA, power supply for external devices (e.g. potentiometer), SELV		
KL3	5	+20 V	Voltage output 20 VDC (+25% / -10%), max. 50 mA, power supply for external devices (e.g. sensors); SELV		
KL3	6	4-20 mA	Use control / current sensor value input 4-20 mA, impedance 100 Ω only as alternative to 0-10 V input, SELV		
KL3	9, 11	RSB	RS485 interface for ebmBUS, RSB, SELV		
KL3	10, 12	RSA	RS485 interface for ebmBUS, RSA, SELV		

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#### 4.6 Checking connections

- ⇒ Ensure isolation from supply (all phases).
- ⇒ Make sure a restart is impossible
- ⇒ Check the cables for proper fit.
- ⇒ Screw the terminal box cover back on again. Terminal box tightening torque, see Chapter 3.1 Product drawing.
- ⇒ Route the cables in the terminal box so that the terminal box cover closes without resistance.
- ⇒ Use all screw plugs. Insert the screws by hand to avoid damage to the threads.
- ⇒ Make sure the terminal box is completely closed and sealed and that all screws and cable glands have been properly tightened.

#### 4.7 Switching on the device

The device may only be switched on if it has been installed properly and in accordance with its intended use, including the required safety mechanisms and professional electrical hookup. This also applies for devices which have already been equipped with plugs and terminals or similar connectors by the customer.



Hot motor housing Risk of fire

- → Ensure that no combustible or flammable materials are located close to the fan.
- ⇒ Before switching on, check the device for visible external damage and make sure the protective devices are functional.
- Check the fan's air flow paths for foreign matter and remove any foreign matter found.
- → Apply the nominal supply voltage.
- Start the device by changing the input signal.

#### 4.8 Switching off the device

Switching off the device during operation:

- ⇒ Switch off the device via the control input.
- ⇒ Do not switch the motor (e.g. in cyclic operation) on and off via power supply.

Switching off the device for maintenance:

- ⇒ Switch off the device via the control input.
- ⇒ Do not switch the motor (e.g. in cyclic operation) on and off via power supply.
- ⇒ Disconnect the device from the power supply.
- ⇒ When disconnecting, be sure to disconnect the ground connection last.

### **5. INTEGRATED PROTECTIVE FEATURES**

The integrated protective functions cause the motor to switch off automatically in the event of the faults described in the table. The status relay drops out and the fault is reported via bus.

Fault	Safety feature description/ function	
Rotor position detection error	An automatic restart follows.	
Blocked rotor	⇒ After the blockage is removed, the motor restarts automatically.	
Line undervoltage (line voltage outside of permitted nominal voltage range)	⇒ If the line voltage returns to permitted values, the motor restarts automatically.	
Phase failure	A phase of the supply voltage fails for at least 5 s. ⇒ When all phases are correctly supplied again, the motor automatically restarts after 10-40 s.	

# 6. MAINTENANCE, MALFUNCTIONS, POSSIBLE CAUSES AND REMEDIES

Do not perform any repairs on your device. Send the device to ebmpapst for repair or replacement.

WARNING

Live terminals and connections even with device switched off

Electric shock

→ Wait five minutes after disconnecting the voltage at all poles before opening the device.

#### CAUTION

If control voltage or a stored speed set value is applied, the motor will restart automatically, e.g. after a power failure.

Risk of injury

- $\rightarrow$  Keep out of the device danger zone.
- $\rightarrow$  When working on the device, switch off the line voltage and ensure that it cannot be switched back on.
- → After working on the device, remove any tools or other objects from the device.



If the device is out of use for over four months, we recommend switching it on for at least three hours at full speed to allow any condensation to evaporate and to move the bearings.

Malfunction/fault	Possible cause	Possible remedy	
Impeller not running smoothly	Imbalance in rotating parts	Clean the device; replace it if imbalance persists after cleaning. Make sure no weight clips are removed during cleaning.	
Motor not turning	Mechanical blockage	Switch off, isolate from supply and remove mechanical blockage.	





	Line voltage faulty	Chook line veltage
	Line voltage faulty	Check line voltage,
		restore power supply.
		Attention! The error
		message resets
		automatically.
		Device restarts
		automatically without
		warning.
	Faulty connection	Isolate from supply,
		correct connection;
		see connection
		diagram.
	Broken motor winding	Replace device
	Deficient cooling	Improve cooling. Let
	Denoient cooling	the device cool down.
		To reset the error
		message, switch off
		the line voltage for at
		least 25 s and then
		switch it on again.
		Alternatively, reset
		the error message by
		applying a control
		signal of < 0.5 V to
		Din1 or by shorting
		Din1 to GND.
	Ambient temperature	Reduce the ambient
	too high	temperature. Let the
	-	device cool down.
		To reset the error
		message, switch off
		the line voltage for at
		least 25 s and then
		switch it on again.
		Alternatively, reset
		the error message by
		applying a control
		signal of < 0.5 V to
		Din1 or by shorting
		Din1 to GND.
	Impermissible point of	Correct the operating
	operation (e.g. back	point. Let the device
	pressure too high)	cool down.
		To reset the error
		message, switch off
		the line voltage for at
		least 25 s and then
		switch it on again.
		Alternatively, reset
		the error message by
		applying a control
		Labbilling a countrol
1		signal of $< 0.5$ V to
		signal of < 0.5 V to
		signal of < 0.5 V to Din1 or by shorting Din1 to GND.

# A

In the event of further malfunctions, contact ebm-papst.

#### 6.1 Cleaning

#### NOTE

#### Damage to the device during cleaning

- Malfunction possible
- → Do not clean the device using a high-pressure cleaner.# Do not use acid, alkali or solvent-based cleaning agents.
- $\rightarrow$  Do not use any pointed or sharp-edged objects for cleaning

#### 6.2 Safety inspection

#### NOTE

#### High-voltage test

The integrated EMC filter has Y capacitors. The tripping current is exceeded when AC testing voltage is applied.

→ Test the device with DC voltage when you perform the legally required high-voltage test. The voltage to be used corresponds to the peak value of the AC voltage required by the standard.

What to check	How to check	How often	What action?
Contact	Visual inspection	At least every	Repair or
protection		6 months	replacement of
cover for			device
intactness or			
damage			
Device for	Visual inspection		Replacement of
damage to		6 months	device
blades and			
housing			
Fastening the	Visual inspection		Fasten
cables		6 months	
Insulation of	Visual inspection		Replace cables
cables for		6 months	
damage			
Impeller for	Visual inspection	-	Clean or
wear/deposits/		6 months	replace impeller
corrosion and			
damage			
Tightness of	Visual inspection	At least every	Retighten,
cable gland		6 months	replace if
			damaged
Condensation	Visual inspection	At least every	Open holes
drainage holes		6 months	
for clogging,			
where necessary			

#### 6.3 Disposal

For ebm-papst, environmental protection and resource preservation are top priority corporate goals.

ebm-papst operates an environmental management system which is certified in accordance with ISO 14001 and rigorously implemented around the world on the basis of German standards.

Right from the development stage, ecological design, technical safety and health protection are fixed criteria.

The following section contains recommendations for ecological disposal of the product and its components.



Translation of the original operating instructions

6.3.1 Country-specific legal requirements



### NOTE

**Country-specific legal requirements** Always observe the applicable country-specific legal regulations with regard to the disposal of products or waste occurring in the various phases of the life cycle. The corresponding disposal standards are also to be heeded.

#### 6.3.2 Disassembly

Disassembly of the product must be performed or supervised by qualified personnel with the appropriate technical knowledge. The product is to be disassembled into suitable components for disposal employing standard procedures for motors.



#### WARNING

# Heavy parts of the product may drop off. Some of the product components are heavy. These components could drop off during disassembly.

This can result in fatal or serious injury and material damage.

→ Secure components before unfastening to stop them falling.

#### 6.3.3 Component disposal

The products are mostly made of steel, copper, aluminum and plastic. Metallic materials are generally considered to be fully recyclable. Separate the components for recycling into the following categories:

- Steel and iron
- Aluminum
- Non-ferrous metal, e.g. motor windings
- Plastics, particularly with brominated flame retardants, in accordance with marking
- Insulating materials
- Cables and wires
- Electronic scrap, e.g. circuit boards

Only ferrite magnets and not rare earth magnets are used in external rotor motors from ebm-papst Mulfingen GmbH & Co. KG.

⇒ Ferrite magnets can be disposed of in the same way as normal iron and steel.

Electrical insulating materials on the product, in cables and wires are made of similar materials and are therefore to be treated in the same manner.

The materials concerned are as follows:

- Miscellaneous insulators used in the terminal box
- Power cables
- Cables for internal wiring
- Electrolytic capacitors

Dispose of electronic components employing the proper procedures for electronic scrap.



→ Please contact ebm-papst for any other questions on disposal.



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